

Honduras - The Lodge at Pico Bonito & Highlands Pre-Extension

Naturetrek Tour Report

29 January - 11 February 2016



Lesser Roadrunner



Crowned Woodnymph



Crane Hawk



Red-eyed Tree Frog

Extension report compiled by Sally Wearing
Extension images courtesy of Jeremy Horsfall
Main report & cover images compiled by Jim Andrews



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Tour participants: Pre-tour extension - Alexander Alvarado (leader) with three Naturetrek clients.
 Main tour – Elmer & Olbin (leaders) with nine Naturetrek clients

We are grateful to tour clients Sally Wearing (extension) and Jim Andrews (main tour) for supplying their holiday reports which have been incorporated into this tour report.

Honduran Highlights Extension Day 1

Friday 29th January

Travel day to USA, with two people staying overnight in Miami and one in Houston.

Extension Day 2

Saturday 30th January

We all arrived safely at Tegucigalpa airport late morning, and were met by Alex, our guide for the Highlands extension. On a clear, sunny day, we were quickly on our way to our hotel in the suburbs (Hotel Picacho) where we checked in and dropped our luggage. After a fast turn round, we headed off to the local United Nations Park (known as El Picacho). Despite the park being full of people, we started to see birds immediately: stunning woodpeckers, Band-backed Wren, a flock of Bushy Crested Jays, Turquoise-browed Motmot – they just kept coming; 12 species in less than an hour within one minute of the car park. After fortifying ourselves with plantain chips, we walked a little further into the park where Alex soon found a Ferruginous Pygmy Owl, sitting in the sun, and then an Elegant Euphonia, which he had never seen in the area before.

We finished the day with more birding at the Hotel Gloriales, where we drank pineapple tea while listening to a wedding taking place in the next room.

Extension Day 3

Sunday 31st January

We left the hotel at 5.30am to get to La Tigra National Park as the sun was coming up. We saw our first hummingbirds on the entrance road, including one of the main specialities of the area – Green-breasted Mountain-gem. We started our visit to La Tigra with a picnic breakfast and a small selection of warblers. Then we climbed up into the cloud forest. Alex was looking for Fulvous Owl, initially with no success. After calling it for a second time, we turned round to find a small flock of Slate-coloured Solitaires who had spotted the owl before we did. It was sitting watching us, giving excellent views. Then the owl found the next birds for us, as it turned to watch a pair of Resplendent Quetzals flying past. We carried on up the trail, thinking things couldn't get better, but they did. Once at the top, Alex was hoping to see a Wine-throated Hummingbird and there it was – a male perched next to the path. We spent the next hour marvelling at it, while it occasionally flew off to feed then kept coming back to the same perch to flash its iridescent throat feathers.

We returned down a different track, seeing even more birds, including three or four very loud Singing Quails who, after playing hard to get, kindly walked right past us across the track. After a break for lunch near the Visitors Centre, we headed back up on a different trail and had an excellent view of another male Resplendent Quetzal. Alex was impressed – it was only the second time he had seen one that well.

We finished the day photographing a Green-breasted Mountain-gem, then back to Hotel Gloriales to do the checklist, and eat tilapia and plantain chips. After an outstanding day's birding, the only slight flaw was that we

were unable to buy a beer to celebrate as we discovered that the law here stops you buying alcohol after 5pm on Sunday.

Extension Day 4

Monday 1st February

We started the day at sunrise at Hotel Glorales, with a quick succession of birds and breakfast. We only heard the Yellow-backed Oriole, but got great views of Emerald Toucanet feeding in a tree. Then we returned to United Nations Park, where there were few people but plenty of rubbish. We started birding in the car park, spotting a prominent White-fronted Amazon. Alex quickly found the Rusty Sparrows he was searching for, and then we walked through the park enjoying not only the birds but also the views over Tegucigalpa.

It was then time to return to the hotel to pack, and then off on the Northern Highway, through pine forests. We stopped en route for lunch at the Honduras equivalent of a motorway service station, but with better food. We arrived at Panacam Lodge in the Cerro Azul Meambar National Park and moved into our rooms named Vencejos (Spanish for swift), then relaxed during the hottest part of the day. From my veranda, I was fortunate to see one of the local specialities, a Black-crested Coquette, perched on a nearby tree. We weren't so lucky when we started birding as we failed to find any more Coquettes or a Keel-billed Motmot, but we did hike round one of the trails, crossing over the river to admire a waterfall. Later, Alex tried to find a Mottled Owl for us, but we had to content ourselves with listening to it.

Day 1 (Main Tour): Extension Day 5

Tuesday 2nd February

For clients starting the main tour, their holiday started with a flight from Heathrow to Houston. Meanwhile, for those on the extension, their day started with a quick coffee and Violet Sabrewings at the Lodge before heading towards Lago de Yojoa, stopping off for a short but very productive walk in a wood (which turned out to be a cemetery) on the way. The birds came fast, including the target Prevost's Ground Sparrow and a host of warblers, flycatchers, tanagers and more. Next was a hotel by the lake for breakfast with pints of frothy pineapple juice. Over the next few hours, we saw over 65 species of birds, on, over or near the lake. We continued along the lake to a fish restaurant for lunch, with an excellent view over the water for yet more birds.

Back at the lodge, we relaxed while the temperature dropped, until Alex found a Black-crested Coquette for Jeremy and Deborah. Then we slowly explored the area around the lodge, before climbing up to the closest observation tower. We heard the Keel-billed Motmot from there, but it failed to show itself. After dinner, the Mottled Owl again refused to come out, but we had excellent views of an Opossum right by our rooms.

Day 2 (Main Tour): Extension Day 6

Wednesday 3rd February

On the last morning of the pre-tour extension, after breakfast at the Lodge, we walked along the entrance road, seeing many birds including Grey Hawks on a nest. Then we tried one more time for Keel-billed Motmot, climbing up to the observation tower. When we heard one, we headed halfway down the hill in its direction, listened, then carried on down to the entrance road. As soon as we got there, we realised the Motmot had gone in the opposite direction, so we rushed back up the hill and succeeded in seeing the bird, sitting quietly, calling.

We then had to tear ourselves away from Panacam, to drive to San Pedro Sulo airport where we said farewell to Alex and Carlos (our excellent driver) and hello to Elmer and Olbin, our guides for the main holiday.

Meanwhile the main tour group left Houston in the morning. They spotted a few Killdeer along the runway and an American Kestrel, before heading off towards Honduras.

Once the flight had landed at San Pedro Sula airport, all group members met up. We then set off on the drive to Pico Bonito, travelling along roads with Tropical Kingbirds on the roadside and Turkey and Black Vultures drifting overhead. The drive took about three hours, but with so much new scenery, we soon found ourselves turning up the track to the lodge and being welcomed by our hosts, our home for the next week and some of the locals in the form of Crowned Woodnymphs, White-necked Jacobins, Rufous-tailed Hummingbirds and of course the Central American Agouti, as well as Hooded and Kentucky Warblers feeding round the flower beds.

Once settled into our lovely cabins and a look round the lodge, we settled in for dinner and an early night.

Day 3

Thursday 4th February

Today was sunny with a high of 27 degrees. We started the day at 5am with breakfast as the sun came up. It wasn't long until we were joined by some of the local hummingbirds. Once breakfast was over, we started out towards one of the watch towers. Heading from the gardens into the forest, we soon came to a viewpoint. As we scanned across the forest, we spotted the lodge's emblem in the shape of the Lovely Cotinga sitting in the top of the fruiting trees with a few Keel-billed Toucans, and both Olive-throated Parakeets and Brown-hooded Parrots put in appearances. We headed on up the track and soon came across a Red-capped Manikin in the forest edge. On reaching the tower we saw Stripe-tailed Hummingbird and Purple-crowned Fairy feeding on the Convolvulus. From the tower, we slowly headed down and trekked back towards the lodge, taking a look round the garden where we saw a Blue-diademed Motmot and two Ferruginous Pygmy Owls. We stopped for a spot of lunch and were joined by the local Social Flycatchers and Great Kiskadees, as well as a few surprises in the shape of White-vented Euphonia and Rufous-winged Tanager.

In the afternoon we headed down below the lodge looking for the local resident birds. We soon found a Wood Thrush, and later came across Magnolia Warbler, Black-headed Trogon and Hooded Warbler. Returning onto the main track, we came across a small feeding flock which included Red-eyed and Philadelphia Vireos and American Redstart. We came to another viewpoint where Blue-crowned Chlorophonia were feeding in the tree tops. We soon came to an open area where we scanned across the trees. More Lovely Cotingas stood out with their stunning blue colour, and these were joined by Gartered Trogon and Collared Aracari.

We had to drag ourselves away and start walking back to the lodge. We made a little detour, calling in on one of the gardens where the local Great Potoo was roosting. We continued up to the lodge for our evening meal and a good night's sleep.

Day 4

Friday 5th February

Today we had sun, cloud and rain, and the temperature varied between 18-20 degrees. We started the morning with a spot of breakfast before boarding the bus and heading to Salado Wildlife Refuge. We drove through the

town and arrived at the tracks and the train. Before boarding the train, we wandered down the tracks, checking the local gardens for birds. Soon it was time to board the train, so we embarked and set off. Once we were out of the town we passed through farmland and wet cattle pastures brimming with egrets and herons, and the occasional Wood Stork and Limpkin. The train slowed and stopped for anything of interest including Mangrove Cuckoo, Black and White Warbler, seedeaters and Purple Gallinule which all showed well from the edge of the fields, and for the occasional cow on the tracks; all of which made for a fun and interesting journey.

Arriving in the village, we climbed onto our boats and headed up the river into the mangroves with our first sighting being stunning views of Laughing Falcon sitting in the trees with two Lesser Yellow Headed Vultures. As we carried, on a Common Black Hawk came into view. We pulled into the mangroves where a group of bats were roosting on a sign, two Racoons fed in the roots of the trees, and Howler Monkeys sat up in the trees picking at the fruit. Several species of Kingfisher were seen including Green, Belted and Ringed, and people in one boat found Amazon Kingfisher. As we travelled along, several species of heron showed along the sides including Yellow-crowned Night Heron and Boat-billed Heron. Also two Lesser Nighthawks were found roosting. We pulled into an inlet where a Prothonotary Warbler and a Black-crowned Antshrike showed very well. At this point it started to rain, cooling the air. We carried on searching and found a young American Crocodile as well as a Green Iguana, and had great views of Northern Jacana, Neotropical Cormorant, Anhinga and Green Heron.

On departing the boats and local river guides, we returned on the train in the rain, stopping to pick up some local school children on their way home. Once back at our bus, we headed back to the Lodge for lunch.

The afternoon we spent looking round the grounds for birds and wildlife with a few of us spotting a White-faced Monkey. Others enjoyed the hummingbirds coming in to the feeders.

Day 5

Saturday 6th February

The weather today was cloud and sun with the temperature between 20 and 26 degrees. We had a very early start as we were heading to the dry forests to the south. By first light the scenery had changed with less lush forest and more open fields. We stopped in a village for breakfast. Further on we pulled over and went for a walk along the side of the road, coming across a large mixed group of Orioles which included Baltimore, Altermira, Spot-breasted and Orchard. Our attention was drawn to the other side of the road where a Gray-crowned Yellowthroat sat on top of the bushes, and was soon joined by Common Tody-Flycatcher, and then a Yellow-throated Vireo and a Cinnamon Hummingbird. As we carried on along the road, Eastern Meadowlarks flitted round in the fields with small groups of Common and Ruddy Ground Doves, while Crested Caracara watched from the telegraph polls. Driving on a little further, we stopped at a river where a Gray Hawk watched from the trees, and the river held Green and Amazon Kingfishers. Further on we came across some White-fronted Parrots which were pairing up. Next we stopped near a scrubby patch where a small feeding party of birds included Summer Tanager and, surprisingly, Striped Cuckoos which put on a good show. A little further on we walked along the road and came across two Lesser Roadrunners on the scrubby edge which put on a fantastic show and gave great photographic opportunities.

The scrub started to change from bushes to more cacti as we drove down a dusty track, winding our way towards the Hummingbird Reserve. On arrival we were welcomed by our local guides who led us into the dry

forest where we soon came across the first of our target species in the shape of Salbin's (Canivet's) Emerald whizzing round the group, which was closely followed by another; Cinnamon Hummingbird. As we moved on through the undergrowth we were teased several times by Honduran Emeralds. We managed to achieve better views of Salbin's Emerald and, after a while, we also managed to obtain very good views of the Honduran Emerald. We slowly worked our way back out, where we came under the piercing red eyes of a Crane Hawk before arriving back at the bus. We said our goodbyes and headed to our lunch stop for a spot of local cuisine.

Once we had eaten we started our trip back towards Pico Bonito Lodge, watching the scenery change back from sandy cactus scrubland to pastures to pineapple, banana and cocoa plantations, and a view across the Caribbean. We stopped at a town and visited the local park where we were welcomed by the keeper who very quickly showed us a stunning young Black-and-White Owl, while the local Gray Hawks and Osprey argued overhead. After this great little stop, we popped down to the coast where we spotted Brown Pelican, Royal Tern and Laughing Gull to name a few.

We arrived back at the lodge a little later than usual, but all those who went had had a great day. We settled down for dinner and then a good night's sleep.

Day 6

Sunday 7th February

We woke to a wet morning but this wasn't going to stop us. After breakfast we boarded the bus and headed to Rio Santiago Lodge. As we went up the drive, we saw small feeding groups of birds and a very obliging Amazon Kingfisher battling the swelling river. We carried on up to the lodge with the rain not relenting, and saw a Black Phoebe on arrival. Due to the rain, we headed for the bar where we were welcomed by hummingbird feeders, both outside in the garden and also in the bar. They were surrounded by several hundred hummingbirds, all giving amazing views. New ones for the trip were Band-tailed Barbthroat, Scaly-breasted Hummingbird, Green Mango, Blue-throated Goldentail, and for a lucky few, Long-billed Starthroat. We found ourselves rushing to look over the river valley where a Yellow-bellied Sapsucker clung to a tree, and we soon had Yellow-faced Grassquit move though. The rain started to ease which meant more birds started to appear including Grey-tailed Trogon, Grey Catbird, Wood Thrush and a Red-eyed Vireo.

The rain eased and we decided to try one of the trails. We headed down the track and came across Wedge-billed Woodcreeper, and not long after; Streak-headed Woodcreeper. Before we had moved too far, our guide found a young Spectacled Owl in the trees, watching us. We then moved up the track spotting some of the trickier species including Spot-breasted Wren and Buff-throated Solitaire. Further on we saw Keel-billed Motmot just before the rain came back. We then headed back to the bar for shelter and yet more great views of hummingbirds, and we were met by an orphaned Ocelot cub which was being looked after by lodge staff.

We said our farewells after a beer and coffee (rude not to) and headed back for lunch at Pico Bonito where, due to the weather, we had free time round the Lodge and trails.

Day 7

Monday 8th February

It was cloudy today with the temperature between 18 and 22 degrees. We got up around 5.30am and the rain had eased. After breakfast, some headed to Rio Santiago Lodge and the rest headed out on the trails of Pico Bonito

were we saw Red-throated Ant Tanager and Bright-rumped Attila. At the watch tower, Stripe-tailed Hummingbird was feeding on the Convolvulus. We headed along the tracks into the forest and came across a Violet-headed Hummingbird in the tops. Carrying on, we came to another watch tower. Looking across the canopy we spotted the occasional Brown Jay and Purple-crowned Fairy. Further on we came to a feeding flock which contained Red-capped and White-collared Manakins as well as Golden-hooded Tanager. Back along the trail we were teased by Spot-breasted Wrens in the undergrowth. We slowly headed back for a spot of lunch.

After lunch we headed down the tracks of Pico Bonito with the occasional thrush or warbler flitting across. Stopping at one of the viewpoints, a female Cotinga sat feeding in the trees. We moved to a more open area where several Golden-fronted Woodpeckers sat in the trees, and Keel-billed Toucans drifted across into the trees in front of us. We slowly moved back towards the Lodge and came across a White-faced Monkey in trees nearby.

Once back, we looked round the feeders before heading for our evening meal a little earlier than normal: the reason being we were heading out for a night walk. As we headed out into the night with all its sounds, we stopped several times to try and find owls. Sadly, the rain started to come down. We trooped on with our sharp-eyed leaders finding Red-eyed Tree Frog and Blunt-headed Snake. After a couple of hours the rain hadn't let up so we headed back.

Day 8

Tuesday 9th February

As we went to breakfast, the rain eased and the local wildlife soon starting to show. Breakfast done, we all loaded into the bus and headed to the botanical gardens. We drove again through the cocoa and pineapple plantations till we reached the road into the gardens. We drove a little way in and then disembarked from the bus and went for a walk. It was quiet to start with. A Limpkin put in an appearance, but soon Black-and-White, Chestnut-sided and Magnolia Warblers started to pop out of the woodwork. As we moved along the track, more things started to appear with Plain Xenops, Yellow-throated Vireo, and Lesser and Tawny-crowned Greenlets being in the cast, while Short-tailed Hawk and Black Hawk Eagle drifted overhead. Moving back up the track a Rufous-tailed Jacamar was sat on a tree and, whilst walking along, a White-collared Manakin appeared and was joined by an Olivaceous Piculet.

Back on the main track a Yellow-throated Warbler moved along the tree line, and a tree of hawks caused a little confusion as everyone seemed to get on to a different bird at first: Hook-billed Kite, Grey Hawk and Roadside Hawk all being present. Further along the road was a fantastic oropendola tree with over a hundred nests, where Giant Cowbirds tried to lay their eggs in the nests un-noticed. We soon came to a nice swampy pool where we lined up along the edge looking through the undergrowth for our prize. After a little effort, we were all rewarded with a shy but obliging Ruddy Crake at our feet.

Next we drove to the visitor centre and had a look around before driving to the coast for a late lunch. A few waders were on the beach, Royal and Sandwich Terns roosted with the local Laughing Gulls, and Brown Pelicans drifted by at sea. Unfortunately all good things have to end, so we returned to the bus and to Pico Bonito for our last night. Some chose to pack, others chose to have one last look round the tracks. We had our last dinner at the lodge and talked about our trip together and the great wildlife.

Day 9**Wednesday 10th February**

We had our final breakfast and said our farewells to the Lodge staff who had done a fantastic job of making our stay so good. We then loaded the bus and departed on the three hour drive back to the airport. As we drove along we passed motmots, Tropical Kingbirds, and Ground and Inca Doves on the lines. We stopped at a fuel station for a quick break and it seemed slightly rude not to get a little bit more birding in: Caracaras flew by and Ruddy Ground Doves wandered around. Sadly we had to head on to the airport where we said our farewells to Elmer and Olbin who had done a great job looking after us and showing us some great Honduran wildlife. We boarded the first of two planes that day to Houston, Texas.

On arrival in Texas we had a couple of hours where we could watch out over the airfield to see what was around before boarding the next plane and sadly home.

Day 10**Thursday 11th February**

We arrived back in the UK and another Naturetrek adventure came to an end.

Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	February								
			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1	Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>								H	
2	Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>	H							H	
3	Slaty-breasted Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus boucardi</i>							H		
4	Crested Guan	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>						✓	✓		
5	Brown Pelican	<i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i>					✓			✓	
6	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓	
7	Anhinga	<i>Anhinga anhinga</i>				✓					
8	Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>	✓				✓				
9	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
10	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
11	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>	✓			✓	✓			✓	✓
12	Tricolored Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>				✓	✓			✓	
13	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
14	Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>				✓	✓				✓
15	Yellow-Crowned Night Heron	<i>Nyctanassa violacea</i>				✓					
16	Boat-billed Heron	<i>Cochlearius c. phillipsi</i>				✓					
17	Roseate Spoonbill	<i>Platalea ajaja</i>					✓				
18	Wood Stork	<i>Mycteria americana</i>	✓			✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
19	Black-bellied Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>				✓					
20	Blue-winged Teal	<i>Anas discors</i>					✓				
21	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
22	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>				✓					
23	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
24	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>					✓				
25	Hook-billed Kite	<i>Chondrohierax uncinatus</i>								✓	
26	Crane Hawk	<i>Geranospiza caerulescens</i>					✓				
27	White Hawk	<i>Pseudastur albicollis</i>						✓			
28	Gray Hawk	<i>Buteo plagiatus</i>				✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
29	Great Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus urubitinga</i>									
30	Common Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>				✓					
31	Mangrove Common Black Hawk	<i>Beuteogallus a. subtilis</i>									
32	Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>				✓	✓			✓	✓
33	Short-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo brachyurus</i>								✓	
34	Broad-winged Hawk	<i>Buteo platypterus</i>						✓			
35	Black Hawk-Eagle	<i>Spizaetus tyrannus</i>								✓	
36	Northern Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara cheriway</i>				✓	✓				✓
37	Laughing Falcon	<i>Herpetotheres cachinnans</i>				✓					
38	American Kestrel	<i>Falco sparverius</i>					✓				
39	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>				✓		✓	✓		
40	Ruddy Crane	<i>Laterallus ruber</i>				H				✓	
41	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyryla martinica</i>				✓					
42	Limpkin	<i>Aramus guarana</i>				✓			✓	✓	
43	American Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis dominica</i>								✓	
44	Northern Jacana	<i>Jacana spinosa</i>				✓	✓			✓	
45	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>					✓	✓		✓	
46	Solitary Sandpiper	<i>Tringa solitaria</i>					✓				
47	Willet	<i>Catrophorus semipalmatus</i>								✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	February								
			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
48	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>								✓	
49	Western Sandpiper	<i>Calidris mauri</i>								✓	
50	Laughing Gull	<i>Larus atricilla</i>				✓				✓	
51	Caspian Tern	<i>Sterna caspia</i>								✓	
52	Royal Tern	<i>Sterna maxima</i>				✓				✓	
53	Sandwich Tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>								✓	
54	Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓		✓	✓				✓	✓
55	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>			✓					✓	
56	Red-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas flavirostris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
57	White-winged Dove	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
58	Inca Dove	<i>Columbina inca</i>			✓	✓	✓			✓	✓
59	Common Ground Dove	<i>Columbina passerina</i>	✓		✓	✓					✓
60	Ruddy Ground Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>			✓	✓	✓				✓
61	Blue Ground Dove	<i>Clavaria pretiosa</i>				✓	✓				
62	Olive-throated Parakeet	<i>Eupsittula nana</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
63	Brown-hooded Parrot	<i>Pyrilia haematotis</i>		✓					✓		
64	White-crowned Parrot	<i>Pionus senilis</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
65	White-fronted Amazon	<i>Amazona albifrons</i>				✓					
66	Red-lore Amazon	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>		✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	
67	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		
68	Mangrove Cuckoo	<i>Coccyzus minor</i>			✓						
69	Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>				✓					
70	Lesser Roadrunner	<i>Geococcyx velox</i>					✓				
71	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
72	Vermiculated Screech Owl	<i>Megascops guatemalae</i>							H	H	
73	Spectacled Owl	<i>Pulsatrix perspicillata</i>					✓				
74	Ferruginous Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>	✓	✓	✓			H			H
75	Mottled Owl	<i>Strix virgata</i>			H						
76	Black-and-white Owl	<i>Ciccaba nigrolineata</i>				✓					
77	Lesser Nighthawk	<i>Chordeiles acutipennis</i>			✓						
78	Great Potoo	<i>Nyctibius grandis</i>		✓	H	H	H	H			H
79	White-collared Swift	<i>Streptoprocne zonaris</i>	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
80	Vaux's Swift	<i>Chaetura vauxi</i>	✓							✓	
81	Band-tailed Barbthroat	<i>Threnetes ruckeri</i>					✓	✓			
82	Long-billed Hermit	<i>Phaethornis longirostris</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
83	Stripe-throated Hermit	<i>Phaethornis striigularis</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
84	Scaly-breasted Hummingbird	<i>Phaeochroa cuvieri</i>					✓	✓			
85	Violet Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus hemileucurus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
86	White-necked Jacobin	<i>Florisuga mellivora</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
87	Brown Violet-ear	<i>Colibri delphinae</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓
88	Green-breasted Mango	<i>Anthracothorax prevostii</i>					✓				
89	Violet-headed Hummingbird	<i>Klais guimeti</i>						✓			✓
90	Canivet's Emerald	<i>Chlorostilbon canivetii</i>				✓					
91	Crowned Woodnymph	<i>Thalurania colombica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
92	Blue-throated Goldentail	<i>Hylocharis eliciae</i>					✓	✓			
93	White-bellied Emerald	<i>Amazilia candida</i>		✓			✓	✓			
94	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
95	Cinnamon Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia rutila</i>				✓					
96	Honduran Emerald	<i>Amazilia luciae</i>				✓					
97	Stripe-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Eupherusa eximia</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
98	Purple-crowned Fairy	<i>Heliothryx barroti</i>		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	February							9	10
			3	4	5	6	7	8			
99	Long-billed Starthroat	<i>Heliomaster longirostris</i>					✓				
100	Black-headed Trogon	<i>Trogon melanocephalus</i>		✓	H			✓	✓		
101	Gartered Trogon	<i>Trogon caligatus</i>		✓					✓		
102	Slaty-tailed Trogon	<i>Trogon massena</i>					✓	✓			
103	Blue-diademed Motmot	<i>Momotus lessonii</i>		✓	✓			✓		✓	
104	Keel-billed Motmot	<i>Electron carinatum</i>					✓				
105	Turquoise-browed Motmot	<i>Eumomota superciliosa</i>			✓	✓			✓		
106	Ringed Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle torquatus</i>			✓						
107	Belted Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle alcyon</i>			✓						
108	Amazon Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle amazona</i>			✓	✓	✓				
109	Green Kingfisher	<i>Chloroceryle americana</i>			✓	✓		✓			
110	Rufous-tailed Jacamar	<i>Galbula ruficauda</i>							✓		
111	Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓		
112	Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
113	Olivaceous Piculet	<i>Picumnus olivaceus</i>							✓		
114	Black-cheeked Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes pucherani</i>	✓		✓		✓	✓		✓	
115	Golden-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes aurifrons</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
116	Smoky-brown Woodpecker	<i>Picoides fumigatus</i>							✓		
117	Yellow bellied Sapsucker	<i>Sphyrapicus varius</i>					✓				
118	Chestnut-colored Woodpecker	<i>Celeus castaneus</i>		✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	
119	Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>				✓					
120	Pale-billed Woodpecker	<i>Campephilus guatemalensis</i>					H				
121	Plain Xenops	<i>Xenops minutus</i>							✓		
122	Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>						✓			
123	Ivory-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus flavigaster</i>								✓	
124	Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>						✓		✓	
125	Great Antshrike	<i>Taraba major</i>		H						✓	
126	Western Slaty-Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus atrinucha</i>			✓						
127	Northern Beardless-Tyrannulet	<i>Camptostoma imberbe</i>				✓					
128	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>		✓				✓	✓		
129	Common Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Todirostrum cinereum</i>				✓					
130	Yellow-olive Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>		✓			✓		✓		
131	Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flaviventris</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		
132	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>					✓	✓			
133	Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>		H	H			✓			
134	Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>					✓	✓	✓		
135	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>						✓			
136	Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓			
137	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
138	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarhynchus pitangua</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
139	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
140	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
141	Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus forficatus</i>				✓					
142	Fork-tailed Flycatcher	<i>Tyrannus savanna</i>			✓						
143	Rose-throated Becard	<i>Pachyrhamphus aglaiae</i>		✓		✓	✓				
144	Lovely Cotinga	<i>Cotinga amabilis</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓			
145	Rufous Mourner	<i>Rhytipterna holerythra</i>					✓				
146	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
147	Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>		✓			✓	✓			
148	White-collared Manakin	<i>Manacus candei</i>						✓	✓		
149	Red-capped Manakin	<i>Dixiphia mentalis</i>		✓				✓	H		

	Common name	Scientific name	February							9	10
			3	4	5	6	7	8			
150	Yellow-throated Vireo	<i>Vireo flavifrons</i>				✓			✓		
151	Philadelphia Vireo	<i>Vireo philadelphicus</i>		✓							
152	Red-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo olivaceus</i>		✓			✓				
153	Tawny-crowned Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus ochraceiceps</i>		✓				✓			
154	Lesser Greenlet	<i>Hylophilus decurtatus</i>		✓					✓		
155	Brown Jay	<i>Psilorhinus morio</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
156	Purple Martin	<i>Progne subis</i>				✓					
157	Gray-breasted Martin	<i>Progne chalybea</i>			✓	✓					
158	Tree Swallow	<i>Tachycineta thalassina</i>							✓		
159	Mangrove Swallow	<i>Tachycineta albilinea</i>	✓			✓					
160	Northern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>	✓			✓			✓		
161	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓			✓					
162	Spot-breasted Wren	<i>Pheugopedius maculipectus</i>		H	H		✓	✓	✓		
163	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓		✓	
164	White-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>						✓	✓		
165	White-bellied Wren	<i>Uropsila leucogastra</i>				H					
166	Long-billed Gnatwren	<i>Ramphocaenus melanurus</i>						H			
167	White-lored Gnatcatcher	<i>Polioptila albiloris</i>				✓					
168	Gray Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>					✓	✓	✓		
169	Tropical Mockingbird	<i>Mimus gilvus</i>				✓				✓	
170	Slate-colored Solitaire	<i>Myadestes unicolor</i>		✓			✓	✓		✓	
171	Swainson's Thrush	<i>Catharus ustulatus</i>						✓			
172	Wood Thrush	<i>Hylocichla mustelina</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
173	Clay-colored Robin	<i>Turdus grayi</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
174	White-throated Robin	<i>Turdus assimilis</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓		
175	Tennessee Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis peregrina</i>				✓	✓		✓		
176	Yellow Warbler	<i>Setophaga aestiva</i>				✓	✓		✓	✓	
177	Chestnut-sided Warbler	<i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i>					✓		✓		
178	Magnolia Warbler	<i>Setophaga magnolia</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
179	Yellow-throated Warbler	<i>Setophaga dominica</i>							✓		
180	Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓		
181	American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
182	Prothonotary Warbler	<i>Protonotaria citrea</i>			✓						
183	Northern Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia noveboracensis</i>					✓		✓		
184	Louisiana Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia motacilla</i>			H						
185	Kentucky Warbler	<i>Geothlypis formosa</i>	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
186	Gray-crowned Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis poliocephala</i>				✓					
187	Hooded Warbler	<i>Setophaga citrina</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
188	Slate-throated Whitestart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>							✓	✓	
189	Yellow-breasted Chat	<i>Icteria virens</i>							H		
190	Bananaquit	<i>Coereba flaveola</i>		✓			✓				
191	Red-throated Ant Tanager	<i>Habia fuscicauda</i>						✓	H		
192	Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
193	Crimson-collared Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus sanguinolentus</i>							✓		
194	Passerini's Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus passerinii</i>					✓		✓		
195	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>			✓	✓			✓		
196	Yellow-winged Tanager	<i>Thraupis abbas</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
197	Rufous-winged Tanager	<i>Tangara lavinia</i>		✓							
198	Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Tangara larvata</i>					✓	✓			
199	Green Honeycreeper	<i>Chlorophanes spiza</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓			
200	Shining Honeycreeper	<i>Cyanerpes lucidus</i>		✓			✓				

	Common name	Scientific name	February							
			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
201	Scrub Euphonia	<i>Euphonia affinis</i>		✓		✓				
202	Olive-backed Euphonia	<i>Euphonia gouldi</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
203	White-vented Euphonia	<i>Euphonia miniata</i>		✓						
204	Blue-crowned Chlorophonia	<i>Chlorophonia occipitalis</i>		✓				✓		
205	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>				✓		✓		
206	Variable Seedeater	<i>Sporophila americana</i>				✓			✓	
207	White-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila torqueola</i>			✓	✓			✓	
208	Thick-billed Seed-Finch	<i>Oryzoborus funereus</i>							✓	
209	Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivaceus</i>					✓	✓	✓	
210	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	✓			✓			✓	✓
211	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>					✓	✓	✓	
212	Black-headed Saltator	<i>Saltator atriceps</i>		✓					✓	
213	Black-faced Grosbeak	<i>Caryothraustes poliogaster</i>						H		
214	Rose-breasted Grosbeak	<i>Pheucticus ludovicianus</i>				✓			✓	
215	Indigo Bunting	<i>Passerina cyanea</i>			✓	✓				
216	Eastern Meadowlark	<i>Sturnella magna</i>				✓				
217	Melodious Blackbird	<i>Dives dives</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
218	Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
219	Bronzed Cowbird	<i>Molothrus aeneus</i>		✓						
220	Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>							✓	
221	Black-Cowled Oriole	<i>Icterus prothemelas</i>		✓			✓			
222	Orchard Oriole	<i>Icterus spurius</i>			✓	✓	✓			
223	Spot-breasted Oriole	<i>Icterus pectoralis</i>		✓	✓	✓				
224	Altamira Oriole	<i>Icterus gularis</i>				✓				
225	Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
226	Yellow-billed Caciue	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>		H					✓	
227	Chestnut-headed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius wagleri</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
228	Montezuma Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius montezuma</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Mammals

1	Bat Sp poss Stripe-faced Bat	<i>(Vampyroides caraccioli)</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
2	Yellow-nosed Bat	<i>Ectophylla alba</i>			✓					
3	Variegated Squirrel	<i>Sciurus variegatoides</i>	✓	✓				✓	✓	
4	White-headed Capuchin	<i>Cebus capucinus</i>		✓			✓	✓		
5	Mantled Howler Monkey	<i>Alouatta palliata</i>			✓					
6	Geoffroy's Spider Monkey	<i>Ateles geoffroyi</i>						✓		
7	Common Raccoon	<i>Procyon lotor</i>			✓					
8	Central American Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta punctata</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
9	Ocelot	<i>Leopardus pardalis</i>					(✓)			

Reptiles & Amphibians

1	Common House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i>	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
2	Basilisk Lizard sp.	<i>Basiliscus sp.</i>		✓		✓				
3	Green Iguana	<i>Iguana iguana</i>			✓					
4	American Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus acutus</i>			✓					
5	Anole lizards sp	<i>Norops sp.</i>		✓		✓				
6	Red-eyed Tree Frog	<i>Agalychnis calidryas</i>							✓	
7	Blunt-headed Snake	<i>Imantodes cenchoa</i>							✓	
8	Rio Grande Leopard Frog	<i>Lithobates berlandieri</i>							✓	

Extension Species Lists

Birds (✓ = recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February				
			30	31	1	2	3
1	Great Tinamou	<i>Tinamus major</i>				H	
2	Little Tinamou	<i>Crypturellus soui</i>					H
3	Plain Chachalaca	<i>Ortalis vetula</i>				✓	H
4	Crested Guan	<i>Penelope purpurascens</i>		✓			
5	Pied-billed Grebe	<i>Podylimbus podiceps</i>				✓	
6	Singing Quail	<i>Dactylortyx thoracicus</i>		✓			
7	Neotropic Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax brasilianus</i>				✓	
8	Bare-throated Tiger-Heron	<i>Tigrisoma mexicanum</i>				✓	
9	Great Blue Heron	<i>Ardea herodias</i>				✓	
10	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>				✓	
11	Snowy Egret	<i>Egretta thula</i>				✓	
12	Little Blue Heron	<i>Egretta caerulea</i>				✓	
13	Tricolored Heron	<i>Egretta tricolor</i>				✓	
14	Reddish Egret	<i>Egretta rufescens</i>				✓	
15	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>			✓	✓	
16	Green Heron	<i>Butorides virescens</i>				✓	
17	Fulvous Whistling Duck	<i>Dendrocygna bicolor</i>				✓	
18	Muscovy Duck	<i>Cairina moschata</i>				✓	
19	Blue-winged Teal	<i>Anas discors</i>				✓	
20	Ring-necked Duck	<i>Aythya collaris</i>				✓	
21	Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>				✓	
22	American Wigeon	<i>Anas americana</i>				✓	
23	Lesser Scaup	<i>Aythya affinis</i>				✓	
24	Black Vulture	<i>Coragyps atratus</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
25	Lesser Yellow-headed Vulture	<i>Cathartes burrovianus</i>				✓	
26	Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>			✓	✓	✓
27	Western Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>				✓	
28	Snail Kite	<i>Rostrhamus sociabilis</i>				✓	
29	Gray Hawk	<i>Buteo plagiatus</i>					✓
30	Common Black Hawk	<i>Buteogallus anthracinus</i>			✓		
31	Roadside Hawk	<i>Rupornis magnirostris</i>				✓	
32	Short-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo brachyurus</i>				✓	
33	Zone-tailed Hawk	<i>Buteo albonotatus</i>			✓	✓	
34	Northern Crested Caracara	<i>Caracara cheriway</i>				✓	
35	Bat Falcon	<i>Falco ruficularis</i>				✓	
36	Ruddy Crane	<i>Laterallus ruber</i>		H		H	
37	Gray-breasted Crane	<i>Laterallus exilis</i>				H	
38	Purple Gallinule	<i>Porphyryla martinica</i>				✓	
39	Common Gallinule	<i>Gallinula galeata</i>				✓	
40	American Coot	<i>Fulica americana</i>				✓	
41	Black-necked Stilt	<i>Himantopus mexicanus</i>				✓	
42	Northern Jacana	<i>Jacana spinosa</i>				✓	
43	Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>				✓	
44	Rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓			✓	
45	Pale-vented Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas cayennensis</i>				✓	✓
46	Red-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas flavirostris</i>					✓
47	Short-billed Pigeon	<i>Patagioenas nigrirostris</i>			✓		✓
48	White-winged Dove	<i>Zenaida asiatica</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February				
			30	31	1	2	3
49	Ruddy Ground-Dove	<i>Columbina talpacoti</i>				✓	
50	White-tipped Dove	<i>Leptotila verreauxi</i>			✓	✓	
51	Gray-chested Dove	<i>Leptotila cassini</i>			✓		
52	Olive-throated Parakeet	<i>Eupsittula nana</i>					H
53	Brown-hooded Parrot	<i>Pyrilia haematotis</i>				H	✓
54	White-fronted Amazon	<i>Amazona albifrons</i>			✓	H	✓
55	Red-lore Amazon	<i>Amazona autumnalis</i>				H	H
56	Squirrel Cuckoo	<i>Piaya cayana</i>				✓	✓
57	Striped Cuckoo	<i>Tapera naevia</i>				H	
58	Pheasant Cuckoo	<i>Dromococcyx phasianellus</i>				H	
59	Groove-billed Ani	<i>Crotophaga sulcirostris</i>				✓	✓
60	Ferruginous Pygmy Owl	<i>Glaucidium brasilianum</i>	✓		H	H	✓
61	Mottled Owl	<i>Strix virgata</i>			H		
62	Fulvous Owl	<i>Strix fulvescens</i>		✓			
63	Violet Sabrewing	<i>Campylopterus hemileucurus</i>				✓	✓
64	Green Violet-ear	<i>Colibri thalassinus</i>		✓			
65	Green-breasted Mango	<i>Anthracothorax prevostii</i>				✓	
66	Black-crested Coquette	<i>Lophornis helenae</i>			✓	✓	✓
67	White-eared Hummingbird	<i>Basilinna leucotis</i>		✓	✓		
68	White-bellied Emerald	<i>Amazilia candida</i>			✓	✓	✓
69	Azure-crowned Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia cyanocephala</i>		✓	✓		
70	Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	<i>Amazilia tzacatl</i>			✓	✓	✓
71	Green-breasted Mountain-gem	<i>Lampornis sybillae</i>		✓			
72	Wine-throated Hummingbird	<i>Atthis ellioti</i>		✓			
73	Ruby-throated Hummingbird	<i>Archilochus colubris</i>				✓	
74	Collared Trogon	<i>Trogon collaris</i>				✓	
75	Mountain Trogon	<i>Trogon mexicanus</i>		✓			
76	Resplendent Quetzal	<i>Pharomachrus mocinno</i>		✓			
77	Blue-diademed Motmot	<i>Momotus lessonii</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
78	Keel-billed Motmot	<i>Electron carinatum</i>				H	✓
79	Turquoise-browed Motmot	<i>Eumomota superciliosa</i>	✓			✓	
80	Belted Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle alcyon</i>				✓	
81	Emerald Toucanet	<i>Aulacorhynchus prasinus</i>			✓		
82	Collared Aracari	<i>Pteroglossus torquatus</i>				✓	
83	Keel-billed Toucan	<i>Ramphastos sulfuratus</i>			✓	✓	
84	Acorn Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes formicivorus</i>	✓		✓		
85	Golden-fronted Woodpecker	<i>Melanerpes aurifrons</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
86	Golden-olive Woodpecker	<i>Colaptes rubiginosus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
87	Northern Flicker	<i>Colaptes auratus</i>	✓		✓		
88	Lineated Woodpecker	<i>Dryocopus lineatus</i>	✓				
89	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	<i>Sphyrapicus varius</i>	✓		✓		
90	Rufous-breasted Spinetail	<i>Synallaxis erythrothorax</i>				H	
91	Buff-throated Foliage-gleaner	<i>Automolus ochrolaemus</i>			✓		
92	Tawny-winged Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocincla anabatina</i>			✓		
93	Olivaceous Woodcreeper	<i>Sittasomus griseicapillus</i>			H	H	
94	Wedge-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Glyphorhynchus spirurus</i>					✓
95	Northern Barred Woodcreeper	<i>Dendrocolaptes sanctithomae</i>				✓	
96	Ivory-billed Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus flavigaster</i>				H	
97	Spotted Woodcreeper	<i>Xiphorhynchus erythropygius</i>		✓			
98	Streak-headed Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes souleyetii</i>				H	✓
99	Spot-crowned Woodcreeper	<i>Lepidocolaptes affinis</i>		✓			

	Common name	Scientific name	January/February				
			30	31	1	2	3
100	Barred Antshrike	<i>Thamnophilus doliatus</i>				✓	
101	Ochre-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Mionectes oleagineus</i>			✓		
102	Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher	<i>Poecilatriccus sylvia</i>				✓	
103	Yellow-olive Flycatcher	<i>Tolmomyias sulphurescens</i>				✓	✓
104	Tropical Pewee	<i>Contopus cinereus</i>				✓	
105	Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flaviventris</i>			✓	✓	
106	White-throated Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax albigularis</i>				✓	
107	Alder Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax alnorum</i>				✓	
108	Yellowish Flycatcher	<i>Empidonax flavescens</i>		✓			
109	Black Phoebe	<i>Sayornis nigricans</i>				✓	
110	Bright-rumped Attila	<i>Attila spadiceus</i>			H		
111	Great Crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus crinitus</i>				H	
112	Dusky-capped Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tuberculifer</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
113	Brown-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiarchus tyrannulus</i>				H	
114	Great Kiskadee	<i>Pitangus sulphuratus</i>				✓	
115	Boat-billed Flycatcher	<i>Megarhynchus pitangua</i>	✓		✓	✓	
116	Social Flycatcher	<i>Myiozetetes similis</i>				✓	
117	Tropical Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus melancholicus</i>			✓	✓	✓
118	Masked Tityra	<i>Tityra semifasciata</i>				✓	✓
119	Black-crowned Tityra	<i>Tityra inquisitor</i>					✓
120	White-collared Manakin	<i>Manacus candei</i>				✓	
121	White-eyed Vireo	<i>Vireo griseus</i>				✓	
122	Yellow-throated Vireo	<i>Vireo flavifrons</i>				✓	
123	Warbling Vireo	<i>Vireo gilvus</i>				✓	
124	Green Jay	<i>Cyanocorax luxuosus</i>				✓	✓
125	Brown Jay	<i>Psilorhinus morio</i>			✓	✓	
126	Bushy-crested Jay	<i>Cyanocorax melanocyaneus</i>	✓	✓	✓		
127	Violet-green Swallow	<i>Tachycineta thalassina</i>				✓	
128	Northern Rough-winged Swallow	<i>Stelgidopteryx serripennis</i>				✓	
129	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>				✓	
130	Band-backed Wren	<i>Campylorhynchus zonatus</i>	✓		✓		
131	Spot-breasted Wren	<i>Pheugopedius maculipectus</i>				H	
132	Plain Wren	<i>Cantorchilus modestus</i>		H	H		
133	House Wren	<i>Troglodytes aedon</i>		H	✓	✓	
134	White-breasted Wood-Wren	<i>Henicorhina leucosticta</i>			H	H	
135	Gray Catbird	<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i>				✓	
136	Blue-and-white Mockingbird	<i>Melanotis hypoleucus</i>	✓	✓	✓		
137	Slate-colored Solitaire	<i>Myadestes unicolor</i>		✓			
138	Orange-billed Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus aurantirostris</i>			✓		
139	Ruddy-capped Nightingale-Thrush	<i>Catharus frantzii</i>		H			
140	Wood Thrush	<i>Hylocichla mustelina</i>	✓		✓	✓	
141	Clay-colored Robin	<i>Turdus grayi</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
142	Cedar Waxwing	<i>Bombycilla cedrorum</i>			✓		
143	Olive Warbler	<i>Peucedramus taeniatus</i>		✓			
144	Blue-winged Warbler	<i>Vermivora cyanoptera</i>				✓	
145	Golden-winged Warbler	<i>Vermivora chrysoptera</i>				✓	
146	Tennessee Warbler	<i>Leiothlypis peregrina</i>				✓	
147	Crescent-chested Warbler	<i>Oreothlypis superciliosa</i>		✓			
148	Yellow Warbler	<i>Setophaga aestiva</i>				✓	
149	Chestnut-sided Warbler	<i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i>				✓	✓
150	Magnolia Warbler	<i>Setophaga magnolia</i>				✓	✓

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			30	31	1	2	3
151	Black-throated Green Warbler	<i>Setophaga virens</i>	✓				
152	Yellow-throated Warbler	<i>Setophaga dominica</i>				✓	
153	Grace's Warbler	<i>Setophaga graciae</i>			✓		
154	Black-and-white Warbler	<i>Mniotilta varia</i>				✓	
155	American Redstart	<i>Setophaga ruticilla</i>				✓	
156	Northern Waterthrush	<i>Parkesia noveboracensis</i>				✓	
157	Kentucky Warbler	<i>Geothlypis formosa</i>			✓		
158	Gray-crowned Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis poliocephala</i>				✓	
159	Common Yellowthroat	<i>Geothlypis trichas</i>				✓	
160	Wilson's Warbler	<i>Cardellina pusilla</i>	✓		✓	✓	
161	Slate-throated Whitestart	<i>Myioborus miniatus</i>		✓			
162	Yellow-breasted Chat	<i>Icteria virens</i>				✓	
163	Common Bush-Tanager	<i>Chlorospingus ophthalmicus</i>		✓			
164	Red-throated Ant Tanager	<i>Habia fuscicauda</i>			H	✓	
165	Summer Tanager	<i>Piranga rubra</i>	✓		✓	✓	
166	Western Tanager	<i>Piranga ludoviciana</i>				✓	
167	Flame-colored Tanager	<i>Piranga bidentata</i>		✓			
168	Hepatic Tanager	<i>Piranga hepatica</i>			✓		
169	Crimson-collared Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus sanguinolentus</i>				✓	✓
170	Passerini's Tanager	<i>Ramphocelus passerinii</i>				✓	✓
171	Blue-gray Tanager	<i>Thraupis episcopus</i>				✓	
172	Yellow-winged Tanager	<i>Thraupis abbas</i>				✓	✓
173	Golden-hooded Tanager	<i>Tangara larvata</i>				✓	
174	Elegant Euphonia	<i>Euphonia elegantissima</i>	✓				
175	Blue-black Grassquit	<i>Volatinia jacarina</i>				✓	
176	White-collared Seedeater	<i>Sporophila torqueola</i>				✓	
177	Yellow-faced Grassquit	<i>Tiaris olivaceus</i>				✓	
178	Prevost's Ground Sparrow	<i>Melospiza bicarata</i>				✓	
179	Rusty Sparrow	<i>Aimophila rufescens</i>			✓		
180	Chestnut-capped Brush Finch	<i>Arremon brunneinucha</i>		✓			
181	Grayish Saltator	<i>Saltator coerulescens</i>				✓	
182	Buff-throated Saltator	<i>Saltator maximus</i>				✓	✓
183	Black-headed Saltator	<i>Saltator atriceps</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓
184	Blue Grosbeak	<i>Passerina caerulea</i>				✓	
185	Melodious Blackbird	<i>Dives dives</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	
186	Great-tailed Grackle	<i>Quiscalus mexicanus</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓
187	Giant Cowbird	<i>Molothrus oryzivorus</i>					✓
188	Orchard Oriole	<i>Icterus spurius</i>				✓	
189	Spot-breasted Oriole	<i>Icterus pectoralis</i>				✓	✓
190	Altamira Oriole	<i>Icterus gularis</i>				✓	
191	Baltimore Oriole	<i>Icterus galbula</i>				✓	□
192	Yellow-billed Cacique	<i>Amblycercus holosericeus</i>					H
193	Chestnut-headed Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius wagleri</i>			✓	✓	✓
194	Montezuma Oropendola	<i>Psarocolius montezuma</i>				✓	□
Mammals			✓		✓		
1	Variiegated Squirrel	<i>Sciurus variegatoides</i>		✓		✓	
2	Central American Agouti	<i>Dasyprocta punctata</i>			✓		✓
3	Deppe's Squirrel	<i>Sciurus deppei</i>			✓		
4	Common Opossum	<i>Didelphis marsupialis</i>					✓

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Fulvous Owl



Acorn Woodpecker



Resplendent Quetzal



Blue-diademed Motmot